LATE NEWS BY WIRE MORENO GIVES BOND

Japanese Government Preventing Editorial Criticism.

GAGGING THE OPPOSITION PRESS

Count Ito and Colleagues Will Remain in Office.

ALLEGED RUSSIAN ADVANCES

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.-The steamer Gaelic arrived today with the following Japanese advices:

TOKIO, June 29 .- Viscount Nomura, home minister, is the busiest man in the Japanese cabinet. Foreign affairs, except Corea, demand no immediate attention, and the government is chiefly occupied in devising measures for checking internal political agitations. The methods of Viscount Nomura are far more sweeping and drastic than any previously employed in Japan. He is determined that no newspaper shall continue to assail the administration for alleged failure to sustain the national dignity in the recent difficulty with the three European powers, and that no public meetings shall be held by the parties in oppo sition, with a view of forcing Count Ito

and his colleagues out of office. Press suspensions are enforced at the slightest sign of an intention to overstep the prescribed limit of editorial criticism. Prominent radical leaders are arrested and brought to trial for endeavoring to organ-ize demonstrations hostile to the government throughout the empire. Count Ito appears to have definitely resolved that he will not resign his position in obedience to the demand of the populace, and he can probably keep his enemies at a distance until the meeting of parliament in November. Then the real struggle will begin.

Reform in Corea.

Count Inouyle has reported the results of his experience as an envoy to Corea, and is ready to formulate his opinion with ference to the future policy of Japan in Corea. He will probably advocate continuance of efforts to introduce reforms and build up a respectable system of govern-ment, but it is not certain this advice will suit the present disposition of the Japanese

suit the present disposition of the Japanese ministers of state, some of whom are beginning to look upon the regeneration of Corea as a hopeless undertaking.

The Japanese people, however, adhere to the conviction that the feeble monarchy must not be abandoned, and would denounce the relinquishment of the original project as a surrender to Russian dictation.

tion.

Count Inouyle declares the Japanese residents are to blame for all the existing ill-feeling in Cores. The Japanese behavior toward the natives, he says, is simply intolerable, and he does not wonder the Chinese are better liked. As to the Corean government, he has little fault to find with its rejuctance to institute speedy reforms.

its reluctance to institute speedy reforms. Home Minister Fak, who has been accused of especial hostility to the Japanese, is praised by Inouyie as having done nothing but his duty in resisting extravagant demands for impossible privileges. Russia and Japan.

Reports are current of conciliatory advances on the part of Russia toward Japan. There are strong reasons for believing the government at St. Petersburg has instructd its representative in Tokio to address himself to the task of allaying the irrita-tion caused by the recent demonstration against the Japanese territorial scheme in Manchuria, and to discuss plans for restoring cordial relations between the nations. Russia is said to be willing to explain, in a friendly sense, the objections to Japanese expansion on the continent, and to give assurances that she will not oppose the grewth of the island empire in other directions, but will, on the contrary, regard such growth with satisfaction.

regard such growth with satisfaction.

Japan is requested to believe that the interests of her powerful neighbor would be materially served by the consolidation of Japanese strength in the Pacific, and if guarantees can be given that no interference will be attempted in Russia's projects for the development of Siberia an alliance. ence will be attempted in Russia's projects for the development of Siberia, an alliance may be formed on terms mutually beneficial. This proposal, semi-officially conveyed, has occupied the attention of the Japanese ministers of state for several

The Anti-Missionary Troubles.

aries confined at Cheng Tu has been received. Whether the telegraph lines in the interior of Gze-Chuan province are really broken or their use is prohibited by the lo-cal authorities, no dispatches can be trans-A report is circulated that the members of the American Daniel Control

of the American Baptist mission have escaped to Chung King, and confirmation of this news is eagerly awaited. The apathy of the Tsung Li Yamen in responding to the apages of foreign and the suppose of the appeals of foreign envoys for sneedy action has compelled the representative of France to take a decided step. By his orders, four French ships-of-war have started up the Kang Tse river, with instructions to make a forcible demonstration at Nanking, and to proceed to such extremities as the

case may demand.

The latest advices from Formosa state that all opposition to the Japanese occupation has subsided. A colored seaman of the United States ship Yorktown, named Bush, has been imprisoned at Nagasaki, on a charge of murdering Japanese jaborers.

The Osaka mint is exclusively occupied in coming one-year silver places, of which in coining one-yen silver pieces, of which one hundred and thirty thousand are pro-duced daily. The object of this sudden and

Japan.

The Japanese consulate at Shanghai was reopened June 23. Consulates at other Chinese ports will be opened early in July.

MORE WEAVERS GO OUT.

Some Manufacturers Disposed to

Yield. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 12.-The most

important development today in connec tion with the weavers' strike was the fact that the employes of H. Maitland & Sons, Amber street and Allegheny avenue, numas far as the weavers are concerned is un-changed; but there is said to be a tendency on the part of some of the small manufac-turers to give the increase that has been asked by the strikers.

A Monument for Fremont

NEW YORK, July 12.-The Associated Pioneers of the Territorial Days of Cali-fornia have issued a call to the late Gen. John C. Fremont's friends for funds to erect a suitable monument over the solerect a suitable monument over the sol-dier's grave. The committee having the matter in charge are Rear Admiral Richard W. Meade, U.S.N., retired, president of the society in New York; Francis D. Clark, Stephen B. French, Henry Wilson, Mark D. Wilbur, W. A. Hedenberg, John Goult and John D. Townsend. The general is buried in Rockland cemetery, on the Hudson.

The Latest Tennessee Snake Story.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 12 .- Pope Light of Wauhatchie, at the foot of Lookout mountain, came to the city this morn ing and related a story of a terrible battle with a large rattlesnake which he killed yesterday afternoon. The snake measured nine feet in length and had twenty-seven rattles and a button, and is the largest snake ever killed in the Tennessee mountains.

Burbers Must Close Sunday. ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 12.-The Lancaster barbers Sunday-closing law has been sustained in the court of criminal correction, a fine of \$25 being assessed against a bar-ber-Charles Stoetzer-for keeping open on Sunday, June 3. Appeal was taken.

Caught Smallpox at a Funeral. CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 12.-Five cases of smallpox have developed in the family of David Reece, a tin worker at Aetnaville, Ohio. One child has died and half the peo-ple in the village attended the funeral, not knowing the nature of the disease.

Taken Into Custody This Morning by Marshal's Officers.

He Says the Indictment Against Him

is Due to Political Disturbances in Rome.

Celso Caesar Moreno, who was indicted yesterday for criminally libeling Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador, was taken into custody at the Tremont House this morning by Deputy Marshals Wilkinson and Hempstead. He was escorted to the marshal's office, and about 10 o'clock was arraigned before Judge Cole in Criminal Court No. 2. He pleaded not guilty to the

Messrs, John B. and Eugene J. B. O'Neill appeared as his counsel, and they asked that the defendant be admitted to bail. Assistant District Attorney Jeffords suggested that the bonds be fixed at \$1,000. Judge Cole fixed it at that amount. Mr. Thomas Kirby was accepted as surety, and the defendant released. He will probably e tried some time in October.

be tried some time in October.

Marshal Wilson's deputies, armed with a bench warant, searched all yesterday afternoon and last night for the defendant, and this morning they were informed that he registered at the Tremont House, 3d street and Indiana avenue, last evening.

It is a curious fact that when the grand jury brought in the indictment against Moreno yesterday the latter was in the Police Court acting as an interpreter for an Italian fruit vender, and his wife, who had a small colored boy under arrest for steal-

a small colored boy under arrest for steal a small colored boy under arrest for stealing a basket of peaches from their stand. He made no attempt to keep his whereabouts a secret during the remainder of the day, for, according to a statement he made to a Star reporter today, the first he krew of his indictment was when he read of it in The Star while on the boat going to Alexandria. He at once communicated Alexandria. He at once communicated with the marshal of the District, offering to give himself up at 10 o'clock this morning.

In a short talk with a Star reporter today the defendant in the case said: "The interpretations made by the honor able Signors Imbriana, Cavollotti, Sacchi and other members of the Italian parliament in respect to the charges of Italian ment in respect to the charges of Italian slavery in America have thrown into serious embarrassment the present ministry in Rome, and caused much excitement all through Italy. The Italian press blames severely the government at home and its representatives in America, and especially the ambassador, Don Fasilio Fava, for the deplayable state of them exception the the ambassador, Don Rasilio Fava, for the deplorable state of things concerning the Italians in America alleged by me to exist. The Italian ministry now turns the blam; on Ambassador Fava, and urges Fava to move against me and do his best to save himself if he can, and save the home government from blame and ruin, as the end is very near. Hence the charges of libel made against me by Don Basilio Fava."

Baron Fava Out of Town Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador, is out of the city at present, so it is impossible to obtain any statement from him on the subject today.

ALL THE TESTIMONY IN.

Argument Begun in the La Plata Mur-Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

LA PLATA, Md., July 12.-Quite unexpectedly the state announced promptly at noon today that all evidence in the Farrall murder trial had been presented and that the next step in order was the arguments to the jury. Recess was then taken until o'clock that counsel might prepare for the addresses, and when court reconvened State's Attorney Matthews opened for the

Court will remain in session this evening as late as counsel desire, while it is not yet determined whether or not an adjourndetermined whether or not an adjournment is to be taken at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, for Judge Briscoe announced that the trial must reach a termination by tomorrow evening if such is by any means possible. All witnesses have been finally discharged.

The situation remained practically unchanged at the opening of this, the eleventh, day of the hearing. The usual large number of spectators were in attendance, and the prisoner, attired as here-tofore, occupied her customary seat.

tofore, occupied her customary seat.

The state called Dr. Kalusowski of Washirgton to rebut the testimony of Prof. Penniman. The publication office of a

Penniman. The publication office of a local weekly newspaper is located directly beneath the court room, and an attempt was made to run off the edition. The noise of the press rendered impossible a continuance of proceedings in court.

Judge Briscoe dispatched a bailiff, who ended the disturbance, and consequently the subscribers will not receive their copies of the paper on schedule time this week. Dr. Kalusowski declared that Dr. Schaeffer was correct in using sulphuric acid in his tests for strychnine with the organs removed from the body of Frederick Farrall, although Prof. Penniman stated that tartaric acid should have been used.

although Prof. Penniman stated that tar-taric acid should have been tsed.

"Sulphuric acid is the best," said the wit-ness, "and its chemical position is invaria-ble. Tartaric acid contains organic sub-starces, and is therefore liable to changes."

Dr. Kalusowski relterated most emphat-ically that Dr. Schaeffer and himself found strychnine in specimens of the body of the deceased.

Dr. Schaeffer followed Dr. Kalusowski, and was under examination for nearly two hours, his testimony being contradictory of

Dr. Ar.os.'.

The expert employed by the defense, Dr. Gardiner, was also called to state that while on the stand yesterday Dr. ''arrico erred in regard to a conversation between the witness and himself. That ended the

testimony.

The Defense Closes.

The family physician of the Farrall's. Dr. Lewis C. Carrico, who attended Frederick Farrall during his fatal illness, and who was the first witness for the state in the present trial, took the stand at the opening of the session yesterday afternoon. eing called by the defense. Judging from being called by the defense. Judging from the condition of the deceased and the symptoms of the sickness, which resulted in death, Dr. Carrico was of the opinion that such was not due to strychnine poisoning, but was the result of uraemia. The witness never observed that Mrs. Farrall entertained ill-will, animosity or bad feeling toward her husband. When the witness, a few days after the funeral, spoke to Mrs. Farrall about exhuming the body, she made no objection to such action. Evidence in Rebuttal.

The defense here closed its case, with the understanding that it would be allowed to introduce this morning two witnesses

not in attendance yesterday.

The state then began its evidence in rebuttal, the first witness being Dr. Robert Diggs, a local practitioner of forty years' standing. He was asked the state's hypothetical question, heretofore quoted in substance, and stated that death in such an instance would be due to strychnine pois-

oning.

At the conclusion of Dr. Diggs' testimony court adjourned for the day.

ANOTHER UNITED PRESS BLUNDER. Repeated the New London Mistake in

TORONTO, Ont., July 12.-The Evening News (Associated Press) commenting editorially on the superiority of its news ser-vice, says: "On Wednesday again the News gave the correct report of the defeat of the Argonauts at Henley, while alleged rivals were still bulletining the false rumor that the Toronto crew had won. The incorrect announcement by the United Press that the Argonaut crew of Toronto had beaten the London Rowing Club in the race for the Stewards' challenge cup, which was adhered to through successive editions of the United Press papers, caused much annoyance here when the falsity of the statement was established."

Defender's Race Postnoned BRISTOL, R. I., July 12.-The Defender

will not go out today and will not take another spin until she goes to New York. Capt. Haff says yesterday's sail brought out defects which must be remedied before she is started again. DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Time Extended. The time for the completion of the Buchanan School building has been extended five days.

Has Been Removed . Private Ricketts, an officer of the metropolitan police force, tried for conduct unbe-coming an officer, has been removed. Must Remove the Dirt.

The Commissioners are determined to keep the sidewalks of the city clean, under the authority granted by the last Congress which provided for the removal of snow and ice and sand and gravel from the side-walks of the city in front of vacant lots. A letter was prepared today, to be sent to those involved, which reads as follows:

"You are hereby notified to remove, or caused to be cleaned off and removed, within five days after the service of this notice upon you, the dirt, sand, gravel or other upon you, the dirt, sand, gravel or othe refuse matter on the sidewalk in front s lot -, in square -, in the city of Wash-ington, otherwise the Commissioners will ington, otherwise the Commissioners will cause the same to be done, and assess the cost thereof as a tax against your lot, under the provisions of an act of Congress approved March 2, 1895, entitled "An act for the removal of snow and ice from the side walks, crosswalks and gutters of the cities of Walshington and Congressions and Congression and Congression and Congression and of Washington and Georgetown, and for other purposes."

To Sprinkle the Streets. The Commissioners have authorized the superintendent of street and alley cleaning to sprinkle 9th street between M street and Pennsylvania avenue each day until the completion of the current repairs on

New Reservoir.

Plans and specifications for the new res ervoir, which is to be built upon the site of old Fort Reno, have been completed by the engineer department, and proposals for its construction will shortly be invited. The reservoir will have a capacity of 4,200,000 gallons, and Capt. Burr, who has immediate charge of the work, expects to have it ready for use within three months. The Depot Station.

President Dunlop, accompanied by Messrs. C. C. Glover, Henry Hurt and Engineer Carl of the company, had a con ference with the Commissioners yesterday ference with the Commissioners yesterday in relation to the plans for the new depot station in Georgetown. The plans were acceptable to the Commissioners. They showed a structure architectually pretty and provided with all modern conveniences. The foundation walls are well advanced and contracts for the erection of the building will be shortly let.

Permit System. At the morning session of the board to day a hearing was given by the Commissioners to those interested in the paving of alleys under the permit system in squares 85, 833, 855 and 942. No protests were re-ceived and the alley will be paved accordingly.

The Proctor Case.

No action will be taken by the Commis sioners in the Proctor case until next week. The testimony is now in the hands of Major Moore. After he reads it over he will make recommendation, and the case will be reviewed by the Commissioners. What will be the final outcome of the case is a matter of conjecture. It is stated on excellent authority that the finding of the trial board was favorable to Proctor. While it is generally accepted that Procor will not be dismissed, it is believed he will be reduced.

Grade of Tracks. Notice was received by the Commissioner yesterday that the Anacostia railroad had failed to adjust the tracks of its road to the proper grade on E street between South Capitol street and 3d street southeast. This street has recently been paved with asphalt block, and the change of grade made in ecessary for the railroad company to adjust its tracks. The company was notified but replied, it is understood, that there was no money available in its treasury for do-ing the work, and now it will be done by the contractor, and the cost thereof charged

against the company. For School Purposes. Plans for the reconstruction of the interior of the old District building on 1st street, as made by Appleton P. Clarke, jr., for the use of the Business High School, were approved by the Commissioners today. They show eighteen large class rooms, averaging 26 feet by 32 feet and a drill hall 44 feet by 36 feet. The superintendent's room will be located on the second floor, where the old board room used to be where the old board room used to be. Large cloak rooms are provided. A toilet room 14 feet wide by 27 feet has been added to the boiler room building. The building will be ready for occupancy about the lst of September. Fire escapes are to be built in accordance with the building regulations and other minor repairs made.

Mary Williams, Who Attempted Suicide, May Be Deranged. Mary Williams, the young dressmaker who made such a desperate attempt to end

her life by cutting her throat at her home on L street about two weeks ago, as pub lished in The Star at the time, has fully recovered from the effects of the dangerous wound, but her mind is so seriously affect-ed that she will in all probability have to go to the insane asylum. The wound made by the razor has entirely healed, but the doctors at the hospital fear that if left alone she will make another attempt to end her life. For this reason she has to be watched all the time, and the doctors are

watched all the time, and the doctors are now anxious to have her removed. Mr. Williams, her father, called at police headquarters today to make inquiries about the case. He fully realizes her condition, and is afraid that if he takes her home she will do more injury to herself. When he saw Sanitary Officer Frank he told him of her insane condition, and said he could not properly care for her at home. It is likely that steps will be taken to send her to the asylum tomorrow.

Miss Williams, who is a handsome young woman was amployed in a little street.

woman, was employed in a 14th street dressmaking establishment, as heretofore published in The Star, and was in love with a young man who had been employed on the Brightwood electric road. She had had the Brightwood electric road. She had had her final interview with this young man, so it was stated, and her love for him appeared so strong that she preferred death rather than to live without him. Two letters written by the unfortunate young woman indicated the condition of her mind, which is now apparently totally wrecked.

Tomorrow's Alexander Island Entries First race, five-eighths of a mile, selling-Chink, 105; Delia M., 105; Irene, 105; Willia O'Brien, 105; Calista, 105; MacHunt, 105; Brogan, 105; Lillian L., 105; Jewsharp, 105; Eugene L., 105; Imp. Savant, 105.

Second race, six and a quarter furlongs, selling—Odd Socks, 108; Longshanks, 101; Watch Charm, 101; Columbus, Jr., 101; Duke of Flef, 98; Imp. Bones, 98; Ninety Seven, 98; Fredericks, 98; Hazel, 16; Rufus,

89.
Third race, one-half mile, two-year-olds, selling—Al. Helenboit, 105; Sir William, 105; Torello, 105; Shuster, 100; Wall Eye, 100; Ratt Gonndy, 95; Lo. Shade, 95; Monolithe, Ratt Gonndy, 16; Lo. Shade, 95; Monolithe, 95; Elves, 95; Vesta, 95.
Fourth race, one mile, selling—Ponce de Leon, 110; Headlight, 110; India Rubber, 110; Lithograph, 110; Red Star, 110; Vagabond, 110; Tiny Tim, 110; Little Bravo, 110; Anxiety, 110; C. O. D., 110.
Fifth race, six and a half furlongs, selling—Mirage, 108; Hinnon, 107; Frank P.

ing-Mirage, 108; Hippona, 107; Frank R. Harf, 107; Padre, 105; Half Breed, 103; Te-Harf, 107; Padre, 105; Half Breed, 103; Tenaclous, 110; Harris, 102; Prince Klamath, 102; Kenyon, 101; Reform, 93.
Sixth race, six and one-quarter furlongs, selling-Imp. Plumderer, 108; Traitor, 108; Clarsman, 105; Marguerite, 105; Flattery, 105; Blue Bird, 103; Finnwater, 101; Tammany Hall, 100; Mattle Clum, 96; Woodchoner, 110.

Sixth race declared off and second divided, the second section forming the sixth. BRITISH GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Return of Thirty-Six Candidates Unopposed.

LONDON, July 12.—The general elections practically began today with the return of thirty-six unopposed candidates, including thirty conservatives, three liberals and

A Suspected Filibuster Seized. KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 12.-Capt.Love of the schooner Pearl has been convicted for a breach of the customs laws, and fined £500. The vessel's hold was loaded with grms and ammunition, believed to be for Cuban insurgents.

FOR FREE SILVER

Maryland Believers Have a Mass Meeting in This City.

NEARLY ALL ARE POPULISTS

Opening Addresses and Convention Officers Elected.

TO PROCEED Citizens of the state of Maryland to the

number of about a score met in convention this morning in the hall corner 41/2 street and Pennsylvania avenue to discuss the money question. They came together in response to a call heretofore issued, in which it is stated that "the call is addressed to all who have intelligence enough to act independently and independence enough to act intelligently. It is limited to those who are disposed to unite for the settlement of the financial question upon the basis of exact justice to all; who are determined to have a sufficient supply of real money, issued by authority of the government

the ratio 16 to 1 as the first step toward that erd."

The call was signed by E. M. Burchard, Hyattaville; M. G. Ellzey, Cumberstone; T. Canfield Jenkins, Pomonkey; S. S. Field, Baltimore; Frank L. Morling, Baltimore; Amos Garrett. Fairland; Geo. N. Walker, Hyattaville; H. S. Waple, Charlton Heights; R. D. Brown, Glendale; Wr. M. Coleman, Forestville; W. S. Bransom, Forestville, and Sherman Rifenbark, Seabrook.

rather than by the cupidity of private

bankers, and who propose to fight to the

finish for the free coinage of silver upon

Opening Speeches. Mr. E. M. Burchard of Hyattsville is the moving spirit of the convention, and ex-plained the small attendance with the statement that "the farmers are very busy now, and everybody as at work." The meeting was called to order by Mr. Burchard, who read a lengthy address, in which he re-viewed the history of money and laid the burden of hard times upon the depreciation

Mr. S. S. Field of Baltimore was elected Mr. S. S. Field of Baitimore was elected permanent chairman of the convention. He acknowledged the honor conferred upon him in a short speech, and said that while the attendance of the meeting was small, it represented a large and determined element behind it. He cautioned the convention behind it. He cautioned the convention against trying to accomplish too much at the first effort and against vague theories and speculations. He said the people must fight the money power, and the visible representative of that power is the national bank. It is necessary to have banks of some kind, but the people are opposed to banks of issue.

"The cry of some is that the government should go out of the banking business, but the fact is the banks should go out of the government business," said Mr. Field. He declared that all of the big newspapers of the country are against the money reformers.

Mr. T. Canfield Jenkins of Pomonkey was Mr. 1. Canneld Jenkins of Pomonkey was elected secretary of the convention. After he had taken his seat Mr. Branson of Prince George's county secured the floor to make a speech. Mr. Branson urged the money reformers to continue their efforts, "to keep pitching in," as he said, and not to yield to opposition.

Party Differences.

Mr. Coleman of Forestville suggested the propriety of making a permanent organizaion of money reformers for the state of Maryland, for the purpose of disseminating silver litegature among the farmers and the laborers. He urged those present to also commence a personal campaign of education in their respective neighbor-hoods, to talk the cause of money reform

hoods, to talk the cause of money reform upon every occasion.

Mr. Coleman's suggestion was discussed at some length. Some of the populists present objected to the forming of a new party, while the republicans and democrats declared they did not want party questions to enter into the matter. They were willing to stand for free silver, but did not want to have to embrace populism in order to do it. Mr. Geo. S. Krause from Montgomery county labored to convert the meeting to the tenets of the Omaha populist platform, and declared that a non-partisan organization would not accomplish anything in Maryland. thing in Maryland.

Mr. Krause said he was a republican for

Mr. Krause said he was a wree opened.

Mr. Howard of Charles county said he had been a democrat until he came to keyport, third, Time, 1.1.62 1-5. All Populists, Mr. Aleck Bowling of Charles county

expressed solicitude lest the general question of money should be overlooked in talking too much about free silver. He Intimated that there are other features of the money question besides silver coinage, and he warned the convention against losing sight of it.

Col. Robert Beverly of Fauquier county,

Col. Robert Beveriy of Fauquier county, Va., being in the hall, was called upon for a speech, and as the audience insisted upon it, he consented to make a short ad-dress. He favored the populist platform and deprecated an attempt to perfect a eparate organization.
Following this the chairman called upon

Following this the chairman called upon all populists present to rise to their feet, and nineteen men stood up. Then he called for those not populists to demonstrate their presence and only one man responded.

Mr. F. L. Morland of Enlumore made a rousing speech for iree silver and populism, and was heartily applauded.

After a recess for lunch, the convention cassembled at 1:45 octock Mr. N. A. After a recess for lunch, the convention reassembled at 1:45 o'clock. Mr. N. A. Dunning of Hyattsville made a lengthy and in passioned address in behalf of free silver. He said he had been an old green-backer, and was for flat money out and out. He believed the surest way to flat money was through the free coinage of silver. While he was a populist, he would favor a free silver organization.

The Platform.

The following resolution offered by Mr. Burchard was adopted: "That, in the opinion of this convention it is not expedient to form any organization outside of the people's party; that we reaffirm the principles of the Omaha plat-The resolution also defines the position of

the convention on the money question as being for the free coinage of silver and gold at 16 to 1. FIGHTING WITH INDIANS.

One Killed and Fifteen Reported CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 12.—Reports reached here today of a fight in Jackson

Hole, south of the Yellowstone Park, between settlers of the region and a party of Bannock Indians, who were unlawfully killing game. One Indian was killed and fifteen captured. The White House Concert. The program for the Marine Band con

cert at the White House grounds tomorrow at 5:55 p.m. is as follows: at 5:50 p.m. is as ablows.

1. March, Pythias' Encampment....McLeod
2. Overture, The King's Lieutenant...Tittl
3. Waltz, Estudiantina......Waldteufel
4. Selection, Cavalleria Rusticana. Mascagni
5. Salonsfuck, The Little Flatterer,
Ellanberg 6. Overture, Semiramida (by request),

6. Overture, Semiramida (by request),
Rossini
7. Descriptive, The Night Alarm. Reeves
8. Fantasia, On the Plantation....Puamer
9. Patriotic hymn, Hall, Columbia..Fyles
F. Fanciulli, director.
The military concert announced for the
13th, on account of a new composition
which is not ready, has been postponed to
July 20. At that time the following
marches, dedicated to the various companies, will be played: High School Cadets,
Corcoran Cadets and National Fencibles, by
Sousa; the Light Infantry, by Campagna;
The National Rifles, by Miss Alice Marble
(new); Troop A and Morton Cadets, by
Fanciulli.

A New Line to Colon. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 12.-The Panama Railway Company will establish a

RACING AT ASBURY PARK.

Interest Centers In the Heats Run ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 12.-Interest in the national meet of the League of American Wheelmen centers in today's racing. The events of the day will be the half-mile championship, for which both Gardiner and Bald will fight to the finish, and the two-mile class B handicap. The prize for the latter is a \$400 plano. The two-third mile open, class B. carries with it a trip to Europe. The lowering clouds of yesterday are today replaced by an unusually clear sky, and as the attendance unusually clear sky, and as the attendance will be large better time in the events is a probability, for the air is clear and the dry and general conditions much more cheerful for the men.

Runs were made this morning to Eatontown and Redbank, under the leadership of Charles H. Trafford, and to Hollywood, Elberon and West End, captained by J. C. Berrang.

Berrang.
The races today resulted as follows:
One-mile novice, class A.—First heat won
by E. W. Swan Brough, Denver; second
fleat, Alvin B. Wise, Harlem. (Time not

Meat, Alvin B. Wise, Harring and Meat, Alvin B. Wise, Harring and First heat, E. C. Bald, Buffalo, first; Angus McLeod, second. Time, 1.42 3-5.
Second heat, A. W. Porter, Waltham, Mass., first; Harley Davidson, Bradford, second. Time, 1.49 2-5.
Third heat—Charles Murphy, Brooklyn, first; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, second. Third near—Third near the first; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, second. Time, 1.44 4-5.

Fourth heat—Arthur Gardiner, Chicago, first; E. C. Johnson, Cleveland, second. Time, 1.48 4-5.

Fifth heat—C. R. Coulter, Toledo, first; H. Allen, Syracuse, second. Time,

H. Allen, Syracuse, second. Sixth heat—Frank J. Jenny, Utica, first; Chas. H. Callahan, Buffalo, second. Time,

One mile handicap, class A, in heats; the first two in each heat to qualify for the first two in each heat to qualify for the finals.

First heat—H. G. Winters, Tonawanda, 30 yards, first; J. M. Baldwin, Paterson, 60 yards, second. Time, 2.19 1-5.

Second heat—K. B. Schmidt, Utica, 80 yards, first; Nat Roe, Patchogue, 110 yards, second. Time, 2.13 2-5.

Third heat—Charles Spencer, Baltimore, 80 yards, first; J. Harrison, Asbury Park, 29 yards, second. Time, 2.13 1-5.

Fourth heat—F. C. Hoyt, Bridgeport, 30 yards, first; H. K. Roe, Patchogue, 100 yards, second. Time, 2.11 1-5.

Fifth heat—J. M. Hague, Bloomfield, 100 yards, second. Time, 2.14.

Skith heat—C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore, 20 yards, first; Cocar Hedstrom, Brooklyn, 40 yards, first; Cocar Hedstrom, Brooklyn, 40 yards, first; Cocar Hedstrom, Brooklyn, 40 yards, first; F. H. McCall, Denver, 65 yarls, second. Time, 2.20 1-5.

Half-mile national championship, class A and B; first man in each heat to qualify for finals.

First heat—Won by Arthur Gardiner.

First heat-Won by Arthur Gardiner, Chicago. Time, 1.23 3-5.

Fall of a Wheelman. Second heat-Won by Charles Murphy, Brooklyn, Time, 1.33 1-5, Third heat-Won by A. W. Porter, Walth-

am. Time, 1.29 1-5.

Fourth heat-Won by E. C. Bald, Buffald, Fifth heat-Won by R. H. Steenson, Utia. Time, 1.35.

Sixth heat-Won by W. F. Sims, Wash-Sixth heat—Won by W. F. Sims, Washington. Time, 1.21 4-5.
Seventh heat—Won by C. R. Coulter, Toledo. Time, 1.31 4-5.
Elighth heat—Won by Ray McDonald, New York. Time, 1.20 4-5.
Ninth heat—Won by Otto Ziegler, San Jose, Cal. Time, 1.35 3-5.
In this last heat Frank D. White of the Liberty Wheelmen, while coming quickly on the outside on the homestretch, missed his pedal and fell heavily. He was carried on a stretcher to the hospital tent.
Two mile handicap, class B, special—Thefirst five men in each heat to qualify for the finals.

the finals.

First heat—C. A. Church, Chester, Pa.

(140 yards), first; A. H. Barnett Plainfield
(240 yards), second; G. Saunders, Boston
(200 yards), third; C. T. Earl, New York
(210 yards), fourth; Harly Davidson, Bradford (120 yards), fifth. Time, 4.20.
Second heat—Angus McLeod, Bradford
(200 yards), first; E. F. Leonard, Buffalo
(150 yards), second; L. A. Silvie, Port Richmond (140 yards), third; Monte Scott, Plainfield (180 yards), fourth; Fred. H. Rumford. mond (140 yards), third; Monte Scott, Plainfield (180 yards), fourth; Fred. H. Rumford, Chester (270 yards), fifth. Time, 4.31 3-5.
Third heat—C. R. Coulter, Toledo (70 yards) first; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago (115 yards), second; W. A. Heldford, Utica (70 yards), third; F. H. Allen, Springfield (10) yards), fourth; L. C. Johnson, Cleveland (80 yards), fifth. Time, 4.43.
An adjournment was then appropried at

An adjournment was then announced at 12 o'clock until 2.30 this afternoon. The Finals. The first race of the afternoon was the final of the half-mile novice, class A-E. W. Swanbrough, Denver, first; Alvin B. Two-third mile open, special, class A final—E. C. Bald, Buffalo, first; Charles

SIGNED A DEED.

Baltimere Woman's Charge Against Isaac S. Lyon. A bill in equity was filed today by Charlotte Aisquith of Baltimore, Md., against Issac S. Lyon and wife, and Joseph H. Aukward, to set aside a deed signed by her in February, 1888, conveying to the defend-

ant. Lyon, lot 13, square 637. In her bill of complaint the complain ant charges Lyon, a member of the District bar, with obtaining her signature to the deed by fraudulently imposing upon her

ignorance. She states that in February, 1888, he visited her in Baltimore, stating he had a letter from Mountjoy Hanson, a relative of hers living here, since deceased, in reference to a lot of ground, the location of which he failed to give her. She says that Lyon stated to her that he was try-ing to settle the litle to the land, and that it was necessary for him to obtain her sig-nature to a paper he presented to her. Lyon brought with him a notary public,

nature to a paper ne presented to her. Lyon brought with him a notary public, alleges the complainant, and she being impressed with the belief that Lyon was acting in good faith and supposing that the matter was one of mere form and that in signing the paper she was simply correcting a mistake she was under a moral obligation to rectify, she signed it.

Upon leaving the house, says the complainant, Lyon handed her 83, leaving before any explanation could be had.

Subsequently, she states, she learned that in signing the paper she signed a deed in fee, conveying her land to Lyon. Since then, she claims, Lyon conveyed the same to the defendant Aukward, although she alleges that Aukward has no beneficial interest in it, but merely holds it upon a secret trust for Lyon's benefit and subject to his control. to his control.

She therefore prays that the defendants be required to deliver up the deeds, that the instruments may be declared null and vold, and that the title to the land be reinstated in her.

JOCKEYS ON A STRIKE. They Objected to the Assistant Starter.

All the jockeys at the St. Asaph race track, thirty-five in number, struck this afternoon, owing to the refusal of the management to dismiss the assistant starter for alleged brutality. It is said that the starter Wednesday struck Jockey Murphy with the butt end of his whip while at the post for the first race. Murphy dismounted in front of the judges' stand and made a complaint against the starter with the starter's punishment was only a severe reprimand. Later the jockeys met at Alexander Is-

land and signed a petition for the removal of the assistant starter. The petition was laid before the executive committee of the Virginia Jockey Club today and rejected. Stable boys were put on the horses, and the races went on.

First race, six and a half furlongs, was won by Corracus (Rocks), 12 to 1; Irish Pat (Avery), 20 to 1, second; Lento (Cox), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1.241/2.

His Policy in Regard to Campaigns in Virginia.

Getting Democrats by the Ears-He Thinks There Will Be a Great

"I noticed in The Star a few days ago," said Gen. Mahone of Virginia to a Star reporter today, "that some one claiming to be a member of the republican state committee had a number of things to say regarding myself and my course in discouraging republicans of Virginia from nominating congressional candidates. I seldon take notice of such things, and in this case I readily understand who the man was who gave that interview, and the reasons that inspired him.

"I saw in 1802 that for the republicans to place a candidate in the field in Virginia would be useless, in view of the cheating that was sure to be encountered at the

pells.
"What is the use of voting if there is no way to have your votes counted? I raw that what we needed was to have a just election law, and I knew that the best way in which to impress upon the people the necessities for such a law would be to permit the democrats to cheat democrats awhile, so that they might realize what cheating at the polls meant, when they were the sufferers.
"If the republicans had constantly been

"If the republicans had constantly been pushed forward in the field and a heavy fight made by republican nominees for Congress, the entire democratic force would have been used against he republicans and there would have been more unity within democratic ranks. By permitting democrat to oppose democrat we have today a condition in Virginia that must be far from pleasing to the democrats themselves. Numbers of instances could be named in from pleasing to the democrats themselves. Numbers of instances could be named in which democrats have been cheated and not permitted to take the offices for which they were elected, and this cheating has been done by the democrats themselves. "The result is that the party is filled with dissension, and democrats who have suffered from these cheating methods are crying out for a fair election law. "What the republicans of Virginia need."

"What the republicans of Virginia need is a law that will permit the counting of their votes. I never thought it was good policy to march troops up to a battery to be shot down without any chance for success, and I do not think it is good politics to have men vote without chance of winto have men vote without chance of win-ning. I have not thought it was necessary for the republicans of Virginia to enter the

for the republicans of Virginia to enter the congressional contests in order to be kept together as a party.

"Republicanism could be maintained until an opportune time should arrive without constantly fighting. That opportune time has now arrived and the next presidential campaign in Virginia will be the most important one the statz has known. The people are tired of cheating and I think the republicans will successfully contest the election on one issue, and that is an honest ballot. The republicans will present an election law that they think will prevent cheating and they will bend all their force to putting that law into effect. This is a great opportunity for the republican party in Virginia and I think the party will succeed." portunity for the republican party in ginia and I think the party will succe

THE MARYLAND POPULISTS.

A Call Issued for a State Convention -Mr. N. A. Dunning, chairman of the state central committee of the people's party of Maryland, yesterday issued a call to the populists of Maryland for a state conver tion, to be held in Baltimore Friday, August 16, at 10 o'clock a.m. The basis of representation will be two delegates-at-large from each county and an additional delegate for every 100 votes or major fraction thereof cast for a populist candidate in each county in the elections of 1894. None but delegates regularly appointed or their alternates will be seated. Provies their alternates will be seated. Proxies will not be recognized. The convention will nominate a populist state ticket and make plans for a campaign.

NEWPORT, July 12.-In the regular course before the class at the Naval Wor College Capt. Philo N. McGiffen yesterday gave the first of two lectures on "The Battle of the Yaloo." Capt. McGiffen, who was formerly an officer in the United States navy, was more recently in the naval serv-

ice of China, and he commanded the Chinese cruiser Chen Yuen in the naval engagement, which formed the subject of his lecture. His address was of special inlecture. His address was of special in-terest and value to the members of the class. KEOKUK, Iowa, July 12.-In the federal court here E. L. Cassatt, late president of the First National Bank of Pella, Iowa, has been indicted for the embezzlement of \$60,000.

Secretary Carlisle in New York. NEW YORK, July 12.-Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle arrived in this

Cholera in Japan.

Reports received from the surgeon general of the marine hospital statements concerning the prevalence of cholera to any alarming extent in Japan. The reports come by ing extent in Japan. The reports come by mail, and are to the effect that up to the 12th of June there had been no cases at Nagasaki and none at Yokohama up to April 26. There had been fifteen cases at Osaka and Hiago together up to June 15.

The Payment of Money Orders. Postmaster General Wilson has issued an order forbidding postmasters to draw money orders payable at their own office. Such orders in a city are usually drawn much as checks for the payment of small bills, and it is a question whether the statute permits an office to draw on itself, though it may on substations.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses have been issued to the following: Robert J. McDonald of Takoma Park, D. C., and Florence L. Norton of James P. Brent and Lottie Cheatwood Tur-pin, both of Nelson county, Va.

Grain and Cotton Markets. Cotton and grain markets, reported by W. Hibbs, stock, grain and cotton broker, 1421 F st. GRAIN.

High, Low, Close, 68% 67% 68% 71%, 68% 70% 45%, 37% 45%, 36% 16%, 25% 23%, 11.47 11.12 11.27 6.50 6.40 6.42 6.35 6.17 6.25 | GRAIN. | Open Month. Open. High. Low. Close.
August. 6.84 6.88 6.80 6.81
September 6.89 6.93 6.86 6.86
October. 6.95 6.98 6.91 6.92
November. 7.02 7.02 6.95 6.95 Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Flour quiet, unchanged—receipts, 6,775 barrela; sales, 806 barrels. Wheat unsettled and higher—spot, month and August, 68½, 468½; September, 69½,369½; steamer No. 2 red. 65a65½—receipts, 37,956 bushels; stock, 130,195 bushels; sales, 109,000 bushels; southern wheat by sample, 68a70; do. on grade, 64a69. Corn dull—spot, 50; month, 49½ bid; August, 49½ bid; September, 49½ bid—receipts, 25,319 bushels; shipments, 8,571 bushels; stock, 203,331 bushels; southern white corn, 51a62; do. yellow, 53a53½. Oats firm—No. 2 white western, 32½,333; No. 2 mixed, 30½,331—receipts, 7,339 bushels; stock, 92,836 bushels. Hay steady—good to choice timothy, \$16,50. Grain freights steady, unchanged. Sugar firm, unchanged. Butter and eggs steady, unchanged. Cheese firm, unchanged.

Washington Grain Market.

Stable boys were put on the horses, and the races went on.

First race, six and a half furlongs, was won by Corracus (Rocks), 12 to 1; Irish Pat (Avery), 20 to 1, second; Lento (Cox), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1.24½.

Want Land in Severalty.

VINITA, I. T., July 12.—The Cherokee Indians are circulating a petition appealing to the council for the passage of laws regulating the distribution and heading of their lands. They desire the allotment of lands in soveralty, and they threaten to appeal to Congress if denied this right.

Want Lond in Severalty.

Want Land in Severalty.

VINITA, I. T., July 12.—The Cherokee Indians are circulating a petition appealing to the council for the passage of laws regulating the distribution and heading of their lands. They desire the allotment of lands in soveralty, and they threaten to appeal to Congress if denied this right.

GENERAL MAHONE EXPLAINS FINANCE AND TRADE

Coal Stocks Strong Under a Moderate Demand.

GRANGERS DULL AT FIRST FIGURES

Sugar the Most Conspicuous Feature of the Day.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.-Irregularity resulting from professional narrowness was the chief characteristic of today's stock market. The railroad list was at times wholly neglected, but values were not materially affected by the duliness. The coal stocks were strong under a moderate de-mand from yesterday's seliers, Reading advancing fractionally as the result of a fair volume of business of this character. The details of the reorganization of this property, especially such as relate to the ter of assessments, are as yet unknown outside of the committee, and trading in the stock is consequently extremely cau-

tious at the present level. New England sold down 3 per cent on early trading, but subsequently rallied around first prices on the purchase of a few hundred shares. The action of this stock has lost none of the mysterious features incident to the recent advance, the trading being confined within a very narrow radius and subject to sudden changes

in direction.

The Granger shares were dull around initial figures, there being no disposition to continue yesterday's decline or to cover outstanding obligations. In view of this condition the room was apprehensive of a further attack from the larger operators in this group, and prudently held aloof.

Sugar was the most conspicuous feature of the day, both in point of activity and the extent of its fluctuations. Opening strong at 110, the price yielded to persistent selling for a loss of 3 per cent. The company reported the withdrawal from the sales-list of several grades of soft sugar, owing to the oversold condition of the market, and the necessary delay in executing orders. The imported German sugar is said to be giving little satisfaction in the trade, and will shortly be removed from the competing forces.

said to be giving little satisfaction in the trade, and will shortly be removed from the competing forces.

Notwithstanding these assurances that the company is working up to its full capacity, the stock attracts little support under professional attacks. The attacking force sends cut rumors of decreased earnings and threatened reductiors in rates, and for the present the manipulators prefer to see the latter statements prevail. The situation is decidedly complicated by these conflicting statements, and the patural result would be to leave the stock entirely to the professional element for the present. Chicago Gas sold down I per cent during the first hour, but railied later in the day on covering of previous sales.

There were no new developments in the property, interests which started the deciline continuing bearish, but refusing to trade pending some demonstration of the purposes of interests in the other side.

The afternoon's trading was devoted largely to the evening up of traders' contracts and the low prices of the morning were improved in consequence. The industrials were the active features of this period, the demand from the short interest being most pressing in this group.

The present movement in values is not the result of any adverse changes in general speculative conditions, the strength of the market under violent liquidation in the industrials indicating confidence on the part of the real owners of stocks.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway.

Chleago Gas.
C. M. & St. Paul.
C. M. & St. Paul.
C. M. & St. Paul.
Pfd.
Chic., R. I. & Pacific.
Del. Lack. & W.
Delaware & Hudson.
Den. & R. Grande. Pfd.
Dis. & Cattle Feeding.
General Electric.
Illinois Central
Lake Shore. Late Short-Erie Louisville & Nashville . 59% 59% Long Island Traction 10 10 10 Metropolitan Traction . 101% 101% Manhattan Elevated . 110% 111

5% 5% 5%

91% 90% 91% U. S. Leather. 16% 16% U. S. Leather, Pfd. 51% 81%

Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Government Bonda.—U. S. 4a, registered, 112 bid, 112½ asked. U. S. 4a, coupon, 112½ bid, 113 asked. U. S. 4a, coupon, 112½ bid, 113 asked. U. S. 4a, 1925, 123½ bid. U. S. 5a, 1994, 116½/bid, 116½ asked.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year fund 5a, 103 bid. 30-year fund 6a, gold, 112½ bid. Water stock 7a, 1991, currency, 116½ bid. Water stock 7a, 1993, currency, 118 bid. 3a63s, funding, currency, 111 bid, 112 asked. 3½a, registered, 2-10a, 106 bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Washington and Georgetown Railroad conv. 6a, 1st, 139 bid. 140 asked. Washington and Georgetown Railroad conv. 6a, 24, 130 bid. 140 asked. Metropolitan Railroad conv. 6a, 195 bid. 107 asked. Belt Railroad 5a, 90 asked. Columbia Railroad 6a, 111 bid. 112½ asked. Washington Gas Company 6a, series A, 113 bid. Washington Gas Company 6a, series B, 113 bid. Washington Gas Company 6a, series B, 113 bid. Washington Gas Company 6a, 100 bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5a, 100 bid. 104 asked. American Security and Trust 5a, A, and 0., 100 bid., 102 asked. Washington Market Company int, 6a, 110 bid. 116 asked. Washington Market Company met. 6a, 104 bid. Masonet Hall Association 5a, 103½ bid. Washington Light Infantry 1st 6a, 100 bid. Washington Light Infantry 2d 7a, 100 bid. Parmers and Mechanics', 180 bid. 195 asked. Second, 138 bid. 150 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 104 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 106 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. West End, 106 bid. 107 asked. Capital, 115 bid. 107 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 122 bid. 124 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 122 bid. 124 asked. Washington Safe Deposit and Trust Companyines.—National Safe Deposit and Trust Companyines.—National Safe Deposit and Trust Companyines.

Belt, 25 asked. Georgetown and Tennallytown, 80 asked.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 52 bid, 54% asked. Georgetown Gas, 55 asked. U.

Electric Light, 133 bid, 135 asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 38 bid. 44 asked. Franklin, 43 bid. Metropolitan, 70 bid. Octooran, 51 bid. Potomac, '67 bid. Arlington, 150 bid, 165 asked. German-American, 160 bid. National Union, 10 bid, 14 asked. Columbia, 13½ bid, 16 asked. Riggs, 7½ bid, 8½ asked. People's, 5½ bid. Lincoin, '8 bid, 8½ asked. People's, 5½ bid. Lincoin, '8 bid, 8½ asked. People's, 5½ bid. 15 asked. Columbia Title, 7 bid, 8 asked. Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 106 bid, 115 asked. Columbia Title, 7 bid, 8 asked. District Title, 10 bid, 13 asked.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 50 asked. Chesapcake and Potomac, 57 bid, 61 asked. American Graphophone, 3½ bid, 25 asked. Phaeumatic Gun Carriage, 22 bid, 26 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Great Falls Ice, 145 asked. Mergenthaler Linotype, 194 asked.

*Ex div.

The board will adjourn over Saturday during July, August and September.